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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09 849,597	05.07.2001	Han Oh Park	024018/0111	8892
75	90 11 06 2002			
Stephen A. Bent FOLEY & LARDNER Washington Harbour			EXAMINER	
			CHUNDURU, SURYAPRABHA	
3000 K Street, N.W., Suite 500 Washington, DC 20007-5109			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
J ,			1637	
			DATE MAILED: 11/06/2002 13	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
•		09/849,597	PARK ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Suryaprabha Chunduru	1637	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
Period fo	, ,	IDLY IO OFT TO EVOIDE A MON	ITU(O) EDOM	
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOns is one of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pere to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steply received by the Office later than three months after the mid patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1 704(b).	N. R 1.136(a) In no event, however, may a reply reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH atute, cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 5 from the mailing date of this communication DONED (35 U S C. § 133).	١.
1)[]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	29 July 2002 .		
2a) □	•	This action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und	owance except for formal matte		is
Dispositi	on of Claims			
4) 🗹	Claim(s) 1-3 and 5-12 is/are pending in the	e application.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)🗵	Claim(s) 1,3 and 5-12 is/are rejected.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.		
· · ·	on Papers			
/—	The specification is objected to by the Exam			
10) 🔲 🧻	Fhe drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a			
44) 🗆 :	Applicant may not request that any objection t			
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		approved by the Examiner.	
12)[7]	If approved, corrected drawings are required in The oath or declaration is objected to by the			
<i>,</i> —	·	Examinor.		
-	Inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	raign priority under 35 I I S C & 3	19(a)-(d) or (f)	
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eight phonty under 35 0.5.5. §	13(a)-(a) or (i).	
a) _l	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received		
	Certified copies of the priority docum		lication No	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the			
* 5	application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for a	l Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	estic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional applicat	ion).
) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom			
Attachmen		•		
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)	

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)

6) Other:

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicants' response to the office action and amendment (Paper No. 12) filed on July 29, 2002 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's response to the office action (Paper No.12) is fully considered and deemed persuasive.
- 3. The rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 112 first and second paragraphs in the previous office action is withdrawn herein in view of the applicants' arguments and amendment (Paper No.12).
- 4. With respect to the rejection made in the previous office action under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 3 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

New Grounds of Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

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invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e). (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 3, 5-12, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guilfove et al. (USPN. 5,994,068) in view of Backman et al. (5,516,663).

Guilfoye et al. teach a method for amplification of DNA fragments of unknown base sequences, wherein Guilfoye et al. teach that the method comprises (i) digesting a DNA into fragments having cohesive ends (see column 2, lines 36-45, column 3, lines 20-24); (ii) preparing oligonucleotide adaptors having single strand cohesive ends (see column 2, lines 13-35, column 8, lines 33-62); (iii) ligating oligonucleotide adapters to the DNA fragments using T4 ligase (see column 2, lines 46-50, column 15, lines 10-11); (iv) removing or clean up unligated DNA and adapters (see column 15, line 12); (v) amplifying the DNA fragments using a DNA polymerase and a primer which is complementary to a residual sequence from the adapters (see column 2, line 51, column 10, lines 25-50, column 15, lines 19-21). Guilfoye et al. also teach that the method comprises adapters comprising hairpin loops (mismatch base analog(s) substituted) (see column 7, lines 8-30). However, Guilfoye et al. did not teach eliminating hairpin loop structures from ligated DNA fragments by using an alkaline solution or an RNase or a single strand specific exonuclease.

Backman et al. teach a method amplifying a target nucleic acid wherein Backman et al. teach that the method comprises eliminating abasic residue or hairpin loop structure by cleaving the ligated DNA fragments by using RNAse or alkali (see column 4, lines 15-35) or endonuclease IV (see column 11, lines 40-67, column 12, lines 1-2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

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the invention was made to combine the method of selectively amplifying any fragment generated by a class II restriction enzyme, including adapters specific to fragment ends as taught by Guilfoye et al. with the correction of ligated products as taught by Backman et al., which is applicable to eliminate hairpin loop structures because Backman suggests that 'the mechanism for reducing or eliminating contamination in ligase chain reaction using endonuclease IV correction method would alleviate the background caused by target independent ligation and at the same time, provide a mechanism to control contamination' (see column 3, lines 11-20). An ordinary practitioner would have been motivated to combine the method of selective amplification of DNA fragments as taught by Guilfoye et al. with the use of mechanism for controlling contamination as taught by Backman et al. by limiting the ligated DNA fragments free of hairpin loop structures, for the advantages of reducing background noise and contamination during PCR amplification and for the benefit of developing a method of amplification with increased sensitivity and specificity.

Conclusion

No claims are allowable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Suryaprabha Chunduru whose telephone number is 703-305-1004. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.30A.M. - 4.30P.M, Mon - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor. Gary Benzion can be reached on 703-308-1119. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3014 for regular communications and - for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0196.

Suryaprabha Chunduru October 29, 2002

> JEFFREY FREDMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER